The Language of Bidding

1. Reasons for Bidding

Discover your best contract Compete in the auction Assist the defence Steal Bidding space

2. Types of Bid

Constructive – when you hold the balance of power Defensive – when opponents hold balance of power

3. Meaning of Bids

Informative Bids Question Bids Final Contract Bids

4. Distribution Types

Balanced4333,4432,5332One Suited6-8 cards in one suitTwo Suited5+ cards in one suit, 4+ cards in anotherThree Suited4441, 5440Freak8500, 7600 or 9+ cards in a suit

5. Methods of Hand Valuation

Point Count Losing trick Count Distribution Type Zone

6. How to think when you are stuck

Are you thinking what to bid or whether to bid? Determine ZONE Count Losers for Support Types Check Working HCP and quality of Fit In Game Zone hands either FORCE or BID GAME Don't take control

7. Forcing Bids

Bid of a new suit is generally forcing Exception is an economical 2nd suit bid by opener after a 1 level response Any non-minimum bid by either side after a 2 level response 4SF may be played as Game Forcing 2NT rebid after 2 level response is Game Forcing Reverse after 2 level response is Game Forcing 8. Minimum Opening Bids (11-14)

Open 1NT freely with all balanced hands (even with a 5 card major) Open 1NT with some 5422 hands where there may be a rebid difficulty Rebid a 5 card suit to avoid a reverse Treat 6-4 hands generally as 1 suited

9. Opener should try to indicate Distribution Type

Balanced	Open or rebid No trumps
One Suited	Bid the same suit twice
Two Suited	Bid 2 suits
Three Suited	Bid as balanced or 2 suited

10. Responses with 6-9 HCP

Support a major suit freely with 3 cards Bid a 4+ card suit at the 1 level Support a minor suit with 4+ cards Bid 1NT by default (this does NOT indicate a balanced hand)

11. Responses with 10+ HCP

Support a major with 4+ cards (jump support or 2NT Jacoby) Bid your longest suit (Higher of 5-5, cheaper of 4-4) Jump in a new suit with 14+ HCP, one suited type and good suit

12. Rebids after new suit response (11-14 HCP)

Support a major with 3+ cards Rebid a 6 card suit Bid a new suit if economical Rebid a 5 card suit if you must

13. Rebids after new suit response (15+ HCP)

Jump support major with 4 cards (Splinter?) Jump rebid a 6 card suit Bid a second suit Bid NT with a balanced hand

14. The Losing trick Count

1 loser for each of AKQ missing in any suit
With a doubleton, count only A or K missing
With a singleton, count only A missing
A void is no losers
Unsupported Queens should be balanced by an Ace in another suit
Minimum Opening Bid or overcall: 7 losers
Minimum response: 9 losers

Add your losers to partner's loses and subtract from 18

Only use this method of valuation when a fit is established

15. Major Suit Support by Responder

6-9 HCP (9 Losers)	raise to 2 level
9-12 HCP (8 losers)	raise to 3 level
10-12 HCP (7 losers)	raise to 4 level (Splinter?)
13+ (<8 losers)	bid 2NT

16. Major Suit Support by Opener

12-15 HCP (7 losers)	raise to 2 level
15-18 HCP (6 Losers)	raise to 3 level
17-19 HCP (5 losers)	raise to 4 level (Splinter?)

17. Summary

- * Assess your distribution type before making a bid
- * Open 1NT even with a 5 card major
- * Don't respond in a new suit at the 2 level with under 10 HCP
- * Use Losing trick Count only on Support Type hands
- * Determine Zone
- * Give single level support freely with 3 cards
- * Assess your Working HCP especially when making close decisions